1. Teacher uses visual-aids to make learning—
   (A) Simple
   (B) Quicker
   (C) More knowledge
   (D) Interesting

2. The most important cause of failure of teacher lies in the area of—
   (A) Interpersonal relationship
   (B) Verbal ability
   (C) Lack of command over the knowledge of the subject
   (D) None of these

3. Which is the least important factor in teaching—
   (A) Punishing the students
   (B) Maintaining discipline in the class
   (C) Lecturing in impressive way
   (D) None of these

4. For showing the model in the teaching of a topic teacher should—
   (A) Keep showing throughout the lecture
   (B) Stand in front of the model
   (C) Show model when need arises
   (D) None of these

5. Who wrote ‘Indica’—
   (A) Kalidasa
   (B) Kautilya
   (C) Magasthenese
   (D) None of them

6. Who is appointed as the speaker of 16th Lok Sabha?
   (A) Arun Jaitley
   (B) Sumitra Mahajan
   (C) Sushma Swaraj
   (D) Govind Singh Kunjwal

1. अध्यापक: दृष्टि साधनों का प्रयोग अध्यापन की निम्नलिखित बनाने के लिए करता है—
   (A) सरल
   (B) समय बचाने के लिए
   (C) अधिक ज्ञान के लिए
   (D) रूपिकर बनाने के लिए

2. अध्यापक: की असफलता का सबसे बड़ा कारण है—
   (A) अन्तर्व्यवहारक संबंध
   (B) वाक्य दक्षता
   (C) विपय के ऊपर पर्याप्त नियन्त्रण न होना
   (D) उपरोक्त में कोई नहीं

3. अध्यापन में सबसे अपवश्यक कारक कौन है—
   (A) छात्रों को दण्ड देना
   (B) कक्षा में अनुशासन रखना
   (C) प्रभावशाली दंगे से व्याख्यान देना
   (D) उपरोक्त में कोई नहीं

4. निम्नों पाठ के शिक्षण में मॉडल के उपयोग के समय शिक्षक को करना चाहिए—
   (A) उसे लेकर के दौरान लगातार दिखाना चाहिए
   (B) मॉडल को सामने खड़े होना चाहिए
   (C) आवश्यकता होने पर दिखाना चाहिए
   (D) इनमें से कोई नहीं

5. ‘इंडिका’ का लेखक कौन था—
   (A) कालिदास
   (B) कौटिल्य
   (C) मेघद्रश्नीत
   (D) इनमें से कोई नहीं

6. 16वीं लोकसभा के अध्यापण के रूप में किसे नियुक्त किया गया है?
   (A) अरविंद जेतली
   (B) सुमित्रा महाजन
   (C) सुषमा स्वराज
   (D) गोविंद सिंह खुंजवाल
7. Annual Ratha Yatra of Lord Jagannath takes place in which of the following states?
   (A) Tamilnadu  (B) Karnataka  (C) Himachal Pradesh  (D) Odisha

8. Who is appointed as the arbitrator in Vodafone tax dispute case?
   (A) Ashok Chawala  (B) R. C. Lahoti  (C) K. K. Malhotra  (D) M. B. Shah

9. An example of audio-visual media is—
   (A) Charts  (B) Television  (C) Radio  (D) Models

10. An example of maturation is when a child learns to—
    (A) Walk  (B) Draw  (C) Read  (D) Ride a bicycle

11. Which of the following is not a domain of learning—
    (A) Cognitive  (B) Affective  (C) Conative  (D) Spiritual

12. Ram returned the pencil, he took from Seeta’s desk because he was afraid of punishment, if he got caught. This illustrates Kohlberg’s—
    (A) Pre-conventional level  (B) Conventional level  (C) Post-conventional level  (D) None of these

13. ‘Konkan Rail’ directly connects—
    (A) Delhi to Chennai  (B) Dehradun to Tanakpur  (C) Jammu to Kanyakumari  (D) None of these

14. “Operation Black Board” was the outcome of—
    (A) Kothari Commission  (B) National Curriculam Framework - 2005 (NCF - 2005)
15. Rural Development Minister Nitin Gadkari launched the Shyama Prasad Mukherjee National Rural Mission on ....... with an allocation of 100 crore rupees.
   (A) PPP model  
   (B) PTP model  
   (C) VTZ model  
   (D) STS model

16. Who is the Army Chief of India—
   (A) Vikram Singh  
   (B) B. S. Chauhan  
   (C) D. K. Jain  
   (D) Dalbir Singh Suhag

17. When is Anti-Terrorism Day observed ?
   (A) 20 May  
   (B) 23 May  
   (C) 22 May  
   (D) 21 May

18. The Education Minister of Uttarakhand is—
   (A) Harish Rawat  
   (B) Dinesh Agarwal  
   (C) Mantri Prasad Naithani  
   (D) Preetam Singh

19. Project teaching method is associated with—
   (A) Frobel  
   (B) John Dewey  
   (C) Armstrong  
   (D) None of these

20. When the child is ready to learn, he learns more quickly and effectively. This principle was given by—
   (A) Thorndike  
   (B) Skinner  
   (C) Pavlov  
   (D) None of these

21. A teacher in a classroom should act as a—
   (A) Progressive role  
   (B) Boss role  
   (C) Democratic role  
   (D) None of these

22. The objective of teaching is to—
   (A) Create good citizens  
   (B) Create persons who are useful for the society  
   (C) Create socialist persons  
   (D) All the above
23. How many individuals were awarded the 2014 Raman Magsaysay Award?
   (A) Five  (B) Six  (C) Four  (D) None of these

24. World Elephant Day was observed across the world on which day?
   (A) 11 August  (B) 19 July  (C) 12 August  (D) 10 July

25. An effective teacher is one who can—
   (A) Control the class  (B) Give more information in less time
   (C) Motivate students to learn  (D) None of the above

26. The FIBA Asian cup is associated with which among the following sports?
   (A) Table Tennis  (B) Hockey  (C) Football  (D) Basketball

27. While teaching a theoretical topic in the class, teacher should proceed from—
   (A) Unknown to known  (B) Concrete to abstract
   (C) Reasoning to observation  (D) None of these

28. A teacher can minimize depression among students by—
   (A) trying to understand its causes  (B) motivating the students
   (C) A and B  (D) reporting to Principal

29. Microteaching is most effective for the students—
   (A) During the practice teaching  (B) After the practice teaching
   (C) Before the practice teaching  (D) None of the above

30. Value education makes a student—
   (A) Doctor  (B) Good citizen  (C) Engineer  (D) None of these
31. District Primary Education Programme (DPEP) was launched in the year—
   (A) 1986    (B) 1984
   (C) 2001    (D) None of these

32. How many gold medals were cinched by India in 2014 Glasgow Commonwealth Games—
   (A) 10      (B) 12
   (C) 14      (D) 15

33. In a lively classroom situation, there is likely to be—
   (A) Occasional roars of laughter
   (B) Complete silence
   (C) Frequent teacher-student dialogue
   (D) Loud discussion

34. In your view, teaching is—
   (A) An Art
   (B) A Skill
   (C) A & B
   (D) None of these

35. Area of individual differences is—
   (A) Gender-difference
   (B) Body structure
   (C) Mental abilities
   (D) All the above

36. A child who behaves against the social rules and regulations is called—
   (A) Delinquent child
   (B) Idiot child
   (C) Dull child
   (D) None of these

37. Kumar Sangakkara (Cricket player) belongs to which country?
   (A) India
   (B) Sri Lanka
   (C) Pakistan
   (D) Australia

38. For the students of 3rd class, which will be the best way for teaching?
   (A) Lecture Method
   (B) Creational Activities
   (C) Group Discussion
   (D) Laboratory Method

39. The academic performance of students can be improved if parents are encouraged to—
   (A) Supervise the work of their wards
   (B) Arrange for extra tuition
   (C) Remain unconcerned about it
   (D) None of these

31. जिला प्राध्यमिक शिक्षा कार्यक्रम किस वर्ष लागू किया गया था—
   (A) 1986    (B) 1984
   (C) 2001    (D) इनमें से कोई नहीं

32. 2014 ग्लासग्वो राष्ट्रमंडल खेलों में भारत ने कितने स्वर्ण पदक जीते—
   (A) 10      (B) 12
   (C) 14      (D) 15

33. एक सजीव कक्षा विभिन्न में सम्मलित में से सबसे अधिक समझित है—
   (A) कभी कभय हंसी का दौर
   (B) पूर्ण रूप से शान्ति
   (C) शिक्षक-छात्र वार्ता
   (D) विद्यार्थियों के बीच सुल्ती बास्न

34. आपके अनुसार, शिक्षण है—
   (A) एक कला
   (B) एक कौशल
   (C) A और B दोनों
   (D) इनमें से कोई नहीं

35. व्यक्तिगत विभिन्नताओं का केंद्र है—
   (A) सिंह भेद
   (B) शारीरिक रूप
   (C) मानसिक योग्यताएं
   (D) उक्त सभी

36. सामाजिक नियमों व कानूनों के विरुद्ध व्यवहार करने वाला बालक कहलाता है—
   (A) बाल अपराधी
   (B) जड़बुख्त बालक
   (C) नज़रबुख्त बालक
   (D) इनमें से कोई नहीं

37. कुमार संगकार किस देश के क्रिकेटर खिलाड़ी हैं—
   (A) भारत
   (B) श्रीलंका
   (C) पाकिस्तान
   (D) ऑस्ट्रेलिया

38. कक्षा - तीन के विद्यार्थियों के लिए निन्म में से कौन-सा शिक्षण का सबसे अच्छा तरीका होगा—
   (A) व्याख्यान विधि
   (B) बुजुर्गात्मक किया कलाप
   (C) समूह बालरत्न
   (D) प्रयोगशाला विधि

39. विद्यार्थियों की अकादमिक निष्पादन को सुधारा जा सकता है यदि अभ्यासकों को उल्लम्बित किया जाय—
   (A) वेध्यों के कार्य का निरीक्षण करने के लिए
   (B) अधिक तूर्थता का प्रबंध करने के लिए
   (C) इसके बारे में चिंतित न होने के लिए
   (D) इनमें से कोई नहीं
40. If a student often comes late in the class you would—
(A) Talk to his parents
(B) Complain to Principal about him
(C) Punish him severely
(D) Find the reason and then decide accordingly

41. A school girl developed the habit of dropping the coat on the floor. Mother asked the girl to get out of the room and hang up the coat on the peg. The girl enters house keeps coat on, approaches closet, hangs up the coat on the peg. It is an example of—
(A) Chain learning
(B) Stimulus response learning
(C) Concept learning
(D) All the above

42. A process in which an individual learns new responses by observing the behaviour of another rather than through experience is known as—
(A) General Learning
(B) Social Learning
(C) Experimental Learning
(D) None of these

43. A provision for education for the children with disabilities can be made through—
(A) Integration
(B) Main streaming
(C) Inclusive education
(D) None of these

44. For primary school children, which of the following is better?
(A) Video simulation
(B) Hands on experiences
(C) Experimental
(D) None of these

45. ‘Toy age’ refers to—
(A) Early childhood
(B) Babyhood
(C) A & B
(D) Late childhood

46. Tobacco addiction is due to—
(A) Cocaine
(B) Caffeine
(C) Nicotine
(D) None of these

40. आपकी कक्षा में एक छात्र के प्राय: विलंब से आने पर—
(A) उसके अभिभावकों से वात करें
(B) प्रश्नावाचार से उसकी शिकायत करें
(C) उसे कोटेर दें
(D) कारण को जानकर तदनुसार निर्णय लें

41. एक स्कूल भाग वाली लड़की ने फंस पर कोट फंकने वाली प्रक्रिया की आदत बनाई है। लड़की की मां ने उससे कहा कि कमरे द्वारा यह आदत करने और कोट को खींचने पर देंगी। लड़की अगली दिन से प्रवेश करती है, कोट द्वारा बाहर पर रखकर अलमारी की तरफ जा कर कोट को खींचने पर देंगी देंगी। यह उदाहरण है—
(A) प्रश्नावाचार अभियान का
(B) उद्थीपन अनुक्रिया अभियान का
(C) प्रयोगाधिकार अभियान का
(D) उल्लेख नहीं

42. जिस प्रक्रिया में व्यक्ति उद्वेग के ब्यवहार को देखकर सीखता है न कि प्रत्येक अनुभव से, को कहा जाता है—
(A) सामान्य अभियान
(B) सामाजिक अभियान
(C) प्रयोगाधिकार अभियान
(D) इनमें से कोई नहीं

43. निश्चक्त बालकों की शिक्षा के लिए प्रायथन किया जा सकता है—
(A) समाकलन द्वारा
(B) मुख्य धारा में डालकर
(C) समावेशित शिक्षा द्वारा
(D) इनमें से कोई नहीं

44. प्रायथनिक विधालयों के बालकों के लिए निम्न में किसे बेहतर मानते हैं?
(A) विभिन्न अनुरूपता
(B) स्तर के द्वारा किया गया अनुभव
(C) प्रयोगालक
(D) इनमें से कोई नहीं

45. ‘खिलौनों की आयु’ कहा जाता है—
(A) पूर्व बाल्यवास्ता (B) ब्रह्मवास्ता
(C) A और B दोनों (D) उत्तर बाल्यवास्ता

46. तमाम आदत किससे होती है—
(A) कोच्चन (B) कैफीन
(C) निकोटिन (D) इनमें से कोई नहीं
47. What is the minimum age for marriage of boys and girls in India?
   (A) 21 years and 18 years
   (B) 18 years and 21 years
   (C) 18 years and 20 years
   (D) None of these

48. Break down in verbal communication is described as—
   (A) Short circuit
   (B) Contradiction
   (C) Unevenness
   (D) Entropy

49. Photographs are not easy to—
   (A) Publish
   (B) Secure
   (C) Decode
   (D) None of these

50. The National Disaster Management Authority functions under the Union Ministry of—
   (A) Home affairs
   (B) Water Resources
   (C) Defence
   (D) None of these

51. Which one of the following is the best method of teaching?
   (A) Lecture
   (B) Demonstration
   (C) Discussion
   (D) Narration

52. The famous temple ‘Dhari Devi’ is located at—
   (A) Near Srinagar
   (B) Uttarkashi
   (C) Chamoli
   (D) Pithoragarh

53. $4 : 9 : : ? : 27$
   (A) 8
   (B) 6
   (C) 16
   (D) 13

54. The sum of—
   $1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 \ldots \ldots \ldots + 100$
   (A) 5000
   (B) 4500
   (C) 5050
   (D) 4050

55. $9 \frac{3}{4} + 7 \frac{2}{17} - 9 \frac{1}{15} =
   (A) 7 \frac{817}{1020}
   (B) 8 \frac{717}{1020}
   (C) 8 \frac{717}{1020}
   (D) 8 \frac{717}{1020}$
56. a __ bb __ baa __ bbb __ aa __
   (A) aabba               (B) bbaab
   (C) abaaa

57. AZ, CX, FU, ___
   (A) IR                    (B) IV
   (C) JQ                    (D) KP

58. _____, PSVYB, EHKNQ, TWZCF, ILORU
   (A) ZCFIL               (B) SVYBE
   (C) BEHKLN              (D) ADGJM

Note: Q. No. 59 to Q. No. 62 depend upon the following coding.

59. Which number is presented by following figure—

   \[
   \begin{array}{c}
   \text{Figure} \quad \text{Code} \\
   \text{1. } & \text{2. } & \text{3. } & \text{4. } & \text{5.} \\
   \end{array}
   \]

   \[
   \begin{array}{c}
   \text{Figure} \quad \text{Code} \\
   \text{6. } & \text{7. } & \text{8. } & \text{9. } & \text{10.} \\
   \end{array}
   \]

   (A) 16198               (B) 79168
   (C) 79816               (D) 17968

60. Which number is depicted by the following figure—

   \[
   \begin{array}{c}
   \text{Figure} \\
   \text{1. } & \text{2. } & \text{3. } & \text{4. } & \text{5.} \\
   \end{array}
   \]

   \[
   \begin{array}{c}
   \text{Figure} \\
   \text{6. } & \text{7. } & \text{8. } & \text{9. } & \text{10.} \\
   \end{array}
   \]

   (A) 24672               (B) 46772
   (C) 72246               (D) 27462

61. Which number is presented by the following figure—

   \[
   \begin{array}{c}
   \text{Figure} \\
   \text{1. } & \text{2. } & \text{3. } & \text{4. } & \text{5.} \\
   \end{array}
   \]

   (A) 56714               (B) 19844
   (C) 56744               (D) 56144

62. Which number is presented by the following figure—

   \[
   \begin{array}{c}
   \text{Figure} \\
   \text{1. } & \text{2. } & \text{3. } & \text{4. } & \text{5.} \\
   \end{array}
   \]

   (A) 47645               (B) 45754
   (C) 54674               (D) 74654
63. Complete the following Number Series:
1, 3, 11, 47, .........., 1439
(A) 239 (B) 293 (C) 932 (D) None of these

64. 15, 10, 5, 150, 16, 12, 4, 192, 20, 15, 5, .......... 
(A) 700 (B) 600 (C) 400 (D) 300

65. 2, 20, 120, .........., 3190
(A) 220 (B) 330 (C) 440 (D) 630

66. How many rectangles are there in the following figure—

(A) 9 (B) 10 (C) 16 (D) None of these

67. Find the missing letter in the following table—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>E</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>N</td>
<td>K</td>
<td>H</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>R</td>
<td>V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(A) Z (B) T (C) L (D) I

68. In the following figure how many triangles are there—

(A) 11 (B) 14 (C) 16 (D) 22 or more

69. If A = 1 and AID = 36, then BELL = ?
(A) 16690 (B) 2210 (C) 1440 (D) 1210

70. Who has been appointed as the new Railway Minister—
(A) Suresh Prabhu (B) Manohar Parrikar (C) Bipendra Singh (D) Jagat Prakash Nadda
71. .......... has launched the new Guaranteed Minimum Pension Scheme in Dehradun.
   (A) Menaka Gandhi  (B) Smriti Irani
   (C) Dharmendra Pradhan (D) None of these

72. The state game of Uttarakhand is—
   (A) Cricket  (B) Badminton
   (C) Hockey  (D) None of these

Note: (Q. No. 73 to 77) Choose the correct figure from A, B, C, D in place of question mark (?) i.e. make a full series.

73. Question Figures
   Answer Figures
   (A) (B) (C) (D)

74. Question Figures
   Answer Figures
   (A) (B) (C) (D)

75. Question Figures
   Answer Figures
   (A) (B) (C) (D)

76. Question Figures
   Answer Figures
   (A) (B) (C) (D)

77. Question Figures
   Answer Figures
   (A) (B) (C) (D)
78. Match list I to List II—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List I</th>
<th>List II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(Name of MLA)</td>
<td>(Constituency)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(a) Dinesh Agrawal</td>
<td>(1) Khatima</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Subodh Uniyal</td>
<td>(2) Dharchula</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Pushkar Dhami</td>
<td>(3) Dharmpur</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Harish Rawat</td>
<td>(4) Narendra Nagar</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Code—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>(a)</th>
<th>(b)</th>
<th>(c)</th>
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<tr>
<td>(A)</td>
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<tr>
<td>(D)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>2</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

79. The state animal of Uttarakhand is—

(A) Lion
(B) Cow
(C) Kasturi Mrag
(D) Elephant

80. Mil Mi-17 is a/an ........ helicopter.

(A) Russian
(B) Indian
(C) American
(D) None of these

81. The official state second language of Uttarakhand is—

(A) Hindi
(B) Sanskrit
(C) English
(D) Jaunsari

82. Who was Tapan Ray Chaudhary?

(A) Historian
(B) Economist
(C) Painter
(D) Actor

78. सूची I का मिलान सूची II से कीजिए—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>सूची I (विधायक का नाम)</th>
<th>सूची II (विधान समा क्षेत्र)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) दिनेश आग्रावल</td>
<td>(1) खटीमा</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) सुबोध उनियाल</td>
<td>(2) धारचुला</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) पुष्कर धामी</td>
<td>(3) धरमपुर</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) हरिश रावत</td>
<td>(4) नरेंद्र नगर</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

कूट—

<table>
<thead>
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<td>(D)</td>
<td>4</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

79. उत्तराखंड का राष्ट्रीय पशु है—

(A) शेर
(B) गाय
(C) कस्तूरी मृग
(D) हाथी

80. एम.आई.एल.एम.आई.-17 एक ........ हेलिकॉप्टर है।

(A) सूसी
(B) भारतीय
(C) अमेरिकी
(D) इनमें से कोई नहीं

81. उत्तराखंड की अधिकारिक द्वितीय राष्ट्र भाषा है—

(A) हिंदी
(B) संस्कृत
(C) अंग्रेजी
(D) जैनसारी

82. तपन राय चौधरी कौन थे?

(A) इतिहासकार
(B) अर्थशास्त्री
(C) चित्रकार
(D) अभिनेता

02(ENGLISH)/A
Note: (Q. No. 83 to 87) Choose the right neat figure from the answer figure which one is the next right figure for the question figure series.

83. Question figures:

Answer figures:

(A) (B) (C) (D)

84. Question figures:

Answer figures:

(A) (B) (C) (D)

85. Question figures:

Answer figures:

(A) (B) (C) (D)

86. Question figures:

Answer figures:

(A) (B) (C) (D)

87. Question figures:

Answer figures:

(A) (B) (C) (D)

02(ENGLISH)/.
88. Which is the highest peak of Uttarakhand—
(A) Trishul  (B) Nanda Devi  
(C) Chogori  (D) Neelkanth

89. ‘Operation Surya Hope’ is related to which state—
(A) Uttarakhand  (B) Uttar Pradesh  
(C) Bihar  (D) Tamil Nadu

90. Who was appointed as a Nodal Officer for Relief and Rescue operation in Uttarakhand—
(A) V. K. Joshi  (B) V. K. Sharma  
(C) V. K. Thapliyal  (D) V. K. Duggal

91. Hon. Governor of Uttarakhand is appointed by—
(A) Chief Minister of Uttarakhand  
(B) President of India  
(C) Prime Minister of India  (D) Home Minister of India

92. Who led the Chipko Movement—
(A) Gaura Devi  (B) Chandi Prasad Bhatt  
(C) Govind Ballabh Pant  (D) None of them

93. ‘Ansuiya Prasad Bahuguna’ is also known as—
(A) Gandhi of Uttarakhand  
(B) Garh Keshari  
(C) Vraksh Manav  (D) None of these

94. Kalsi Inscription is related to—
(A) Emperor Chandra Gupta  
(B) Maurya Emperor  
(C) Emperor Ashok  (D) None of them
95. Name of Kumaon in Purana’s—
(A) Kedarkhand
(B) Uttarakhand
(C) Uttranchal
(D) Manas Khand

Note: (Q. No. 96 to 100) Read the following figure and give suitable answer from given options.

In figure triangle represents doctor, circle is represents players and rectangle is represents artist, then—

96. How many artists and players are doctors—
(A) 6   (B) 8
(C) 4   (D) 3

97. How many artists are players—
(A) 30   (B) 29
(C) 25   (D) None of these

98. How many artists are there who are neither players nor doctors—
(A) 29   (B) 30
(C) 22   (D) 8

99. How many doctors are there who are neither player nor artists?
(A) 17   (B) 30
(C) 8    (D) 17

100. How many players are there who are neither artist nor doctor—
(A) 22   (B) 4
(C) 25   (D) 3
Direction: Read the following passage & answer questions from Q. No. 101 to 106 based on it.

PASSAGE

The goals of our present system of primary & secondary education are to prepare students for the examination system, which will take them to the best technical & professional institutions in the country. While the teaching of Science & Mathematics has been upgraded over the years and teaching of the Humanities & Social Sciences continues to be straight jacketed in grotesque ways. Those areas of the Indian locality that ought to form the proper subject like caste, poverty & environmental degradation, if we are to create a responsible & aware body of citizens, form no part of the syllabus. The capacity to think inadequately & critically about problems that plague modern Indian society, which really ought to be a prominent part of the humanities curriculum is perceived to be intractable from the point of view of the examiner. Least the evaluation becomes subjective; every effort is made to reduce both History and Economics to a series of facts, a one-to-one correlation between facts ensures proper systems of grading.

101. According to the author the teaching of Science & Mathematics develops the capacity of the students in which of the following—
(I) Considering pros & cons of each decision
(II) Examining the problem minutely with proper analysis.
(A) Only I
(B) Only II
(C) Either I or II
(D) None of these

102. What seems to be the purpose of the author in writing this passage—
(A) To critically look into the methods of teaching Science & Mathematics
(B) To reduce importance of Science subjects
(C) To point out the deficiencies in the curriculum and examination system
(D) To put up a case for improved & upgraded system of education

103. What problems does the author see in the improvement of teaching of Humanities & Social Science?
(I) The present syllabus of the subject
(II) The difficulties of the examiners
(III) The present system of evaluation
(A) Only I
(B) Only II
(C) Only III
(D) All of above
104. The author seems to believe in which of the following—

(I) The capacity to think can be developed by a properly designed curriculum of Humanities and Social Sciences

(II) Objective evaluation is necessary for Social Sciences

(III) Proper education can help a person to become a responsible & responsive citizen.

(A) Only I
(B) Only II
(C) Only III
(D) Both I & III

105. According to the author, the present educational system ultimately helps the students in which of the following—

(I) Understanding the real problems of people.

(II) Acquiring various techniques to face the challenges of the future.

(III) Getting admission to renowned technical institutions.

(A) Only I
(B) Only II
(C) Only III
(D) Only I & II

106. According to author which of the following is the main cause leading to the upgradation teaching of Maths & Science—

(A) Science & Mathematics can solve our problems

(B) It inculcates proper values for becoming an ideal citizen

(C) The evaluation of these subjects is objective & critical

(D) None of the above

Direction for questions 107 to 111: In each of the following questions a word is given in capital letters followed by four alternative words marked (A)-(D). Select from the alternatives, the word nearest in meaning to the word given in capital letters.

107. ENDOGAMY

(A) Similar religious practice
(B) Similar child-rearing practice
(C) Marriage within a group
(D) Ceremony of marriage

108. OBLIVION

(A) Condition of being forgotten
(B) Condition of being angry
(C) Condition of being trustworthy
(D) Condition of being happy
109. QUARRY
   (A) Pit
   (B) Sand
   (C) Museum
   (D) Mardi grass

110. STARK
   (A) Severe
   (B) Tense
   (C) Obvious
   (D) Silent

111. RUDIMENTARY
   (A) Advanced
   (B) Supreme
   (C) Basic
   (D) Secondary

Direction for questions from 112 to 116 : From the given options (A) - (D). Choose the one that is farthest in meaning to the word given in capital letter.

112. PUISSANCE
   (A) Impotence
   (B) Approval
   (C) Denial
   (D) Bicuspid

113. DORMANT
   (A) Stretch
   (B) Active
   (C) Reliable
   (D) Unexciting

114. CIRCUITOUS
   (A) Direct
   (B) Pleasurable
   (C) Approximately
   (D) Complex

115. INCITE
   (A) Overlook
   (B) Eugross
   (C) Modify
   (D) Calm

116. FUSION
   (A) Correlation
   (B) Blending
   (C) Schism
   (D) Illogicality

Direction for Q. 117 to 123 : For each question below some alternative words for the sentence are given. You have to find out the most appropriate alternative word.

117. Anything which destroys the effect of poison—
   (A) Antiseptic
   (B) Antidote
   (C) Serum
   (D) Seramycin
118. Words used in ancient times but no longer in general use now—
(A) Ancient
(B) Archaic
(C) Antiquated
(D) Extinct

119. A soldier who fights for the sake of money—
(A) Mercenary
(B) Senecur
(C) Honorary
(D) Equestrian

120. A long boring speech—
(A) Harangue
(B) Filibuster
(C) Declamation
(D) Horology

121. Practice of borrowing ideas & words from others and using them as one’s own—
(A) Pantomime
(B) Plagiarism
(C) Imitation
(D) Adaptation

122. Story told to illustrate a moral or spiritual truth—
(A) Parable
(B) Paradigm
(C) Paragon
(D) Didactic

123. A person who looks at the dark side of everything—
(A) Blind
(B) Sadist
(C) Pessimist
(D) None of these

**Direction for questions 124 to 130:** In following questions, select the most appropriate word from the given alternatives.

124. Gasoline is a known ..........., but we still rely on it to keep our cars in motion.
(A) Elixir
(B) Carcinogen
(C) Endeavour
(D) Calligraphy

125. He believed that poverty was ineradicable and that no social legislation could be relied on ..............
(A) Palliative
(B) Symbiotic
(C) Ramification
(D) Deciduous

02(ENGLISH)
126. He hated his father so intensely that he committed .......... .
   (A) Concatenation
   (B) Viscosity
   (C) Matricide
   (D) Parricide

127. Her .......... manner embarrassed others at the party.
   (A) Sapid
   (B) Tractable
   (C) Paranoid
   (D) Gauche

128. Her status in the hat shop was that of a mere .......... .
   (A) Minim
   (B) Menial
   (C) Mellinery
   (D) Expedition

129. My ability to inspire others is my best .......... .
   (A) Acumen
   (B) Attribute
   (C) Feasible
   (D) Coherence

130. Doing well in college is of the .......... concern to me, so I spend several hours studying each day.
   (A) Most
   (B) Parallel
   (C) Utmost
   (D) Magnitude

131. Which of the following dramatists does not belong to the group called “University Wits”?
   (A) George Peele
   (B) Thomas Lodge
   (C) John Webster
   (D) Thomas Nash

132. Which of the following does not belong to the Pre-Raphaelite Brotherhood?
   (A) Swinburne
   (B) Rossetti
   (C) Miliais
   (D) Hunt

133. The phrase “dissociation of sensibility” was used by Eliot in—
   (A) Tradition and The Individual Talent
   (B) The Metaphysical Poets
   (C) Dante
   (D) Baudelaire
134. The phrase “Art for Art’s Sake” was introduced by—
(A) Baudelaire
(B) Mallarme
(C) Gautier
(D) Wilde

135. The Waste Land was published in—
(A) 1911
(B) 1917
(C) 1922
(D) 1924

136. Who wrote Troilus and Criseyde—
(A) Shakespeare
(B) Chaucer
(C) Homer
(D) Dryden

137. ‘The grizzly bear is huge and wild’. This line is in—
(A) Dactylic meter
(B) Iambic meter
(C) Dactylic with iambic variation
(D) Iambic with dactylic variation

138. Venus and Adonis is a poem written by—
(A) Keats
(B) Jonson
(C) Shakespeare
(D) Heywood

139. Who wrote ‘The Cocktail Party’?
(A) Pinter
(B) Eliot
(C) Greene
(D) Galsworthy

140. Belinda is a character in—
(A) Absalom and Achitophel
(B) Paradise Lost
(C) The Rape of The Lock
(D) The Beggar’s Opera

141. Who called Keats “a Greek” for his preoccupation with hellenism in poetry?
(A) Lord Byron
(B) William Shakespeare
(C) Shelly
(D) None of these
142. Whom does Lamb describe as “an archangel a little damaged”?  
(A) Scott  
(B) Hazlitt  
(C) Coleridge  
(D) Austen

143. ‘Dryden’s All for Love’ was written in imitation of Shakespeare’s—  
(A) Romeo & Juliet  
(B) Macbeth  
(C) Antony & Cleopatra  
(D) None of these

144. Find out the incorrect pair amongst the following—  
(A) Henry Fielding — The Fable of Bees  
(B) Samuel Johnson — The Variety of Human Wishes  
(C) James Boswell — The Life of Samuel Johnson  
(D) None of these

145. Which of the following is Dicken’s last work, an unfinishable, obsessive, mystery story?  
(A) David Copperfield  
(B) A Tale of Two Cities  
(C) The Mystery of Edwin Drood  
(D) None of these

146. A novel tracing the development of the artist is—  
(A) Bildungsroman  
(B) Erziehungsroman  
(C) Kunstlerroman  
(D) Graeco Roman

147. The founder of the Oxford Movement was—  
(A) Thomas Huxley  
(B) Charles Lamb  
(C) John Newman  
(D) John Keble

148. Match the following lists using the codes given below—  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List - I</th>
<th>List - II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) 1384</td>
<td>(1) Death of Chaucer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) 1400</td>
<td>(2) Death of Lydgate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) 1449</td>
<td>(3) Death of Surrey</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) 1547</td>
<td>(4) Death of Wycliffe</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Code—  

<table>
<thead>
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<th></th>
<th>(a)</th>
<th>(b)</th>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>(B)</td>
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<td>3</td>
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<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(C)</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(D)</td>
<td>None of these</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
149. Match the following lists using the codes given below—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List - I</th>
<th>List - II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Roger Ascham</td>
<td>(1) Italy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Dunbar</td>
<td>(2) Germany</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) Martin Luther</td>
<td>(3) Scotland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) Machiavelli</td>
<td>(4) England</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Code**—

(a) (b) (c) (d)

(A) 4 3 2 1
(B) 1 2 4 3
(C) 4 2 1 3
(D) None of these

150. Match the following lists using the codes given below—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List - I</th>
<th>List - II</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) 1660</td>
<td>(1) Glorious Revolution</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) 1662</td>
<td>(2) Church of England restored</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) 1688</td>
<td>(3) Charles II restored</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(d) 1707</td>
<td>(4) England &amp; Scotland Unite</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Code**—

(a) (b) (c) (d)

(A) 3 1 4 2
(B) 2 4 3 1
(C) 1 2 3 4
(D) None of these

151. Match the following lists using the codes given below—

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>List - I</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(a) Ama, or the progress of mind</td>
<td>(1) Edward Y</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(b) Preface to Shakespeare</td>
<td>(2) Dr. Johnson</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(c) The universal passion</td>
<td>(3) Matthew F</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Code**—

(a) (b) (c)

(A) 3 2 1
(B) 2 3 1
(C) 1 2 3
(D) None of these

152. Who, among the following can be called first poet of Romantic Revival?

(A) William Collins
(B) Thomson
(C) William Wordsworth
(D) Richardson

153. What is the subtitle of Dicken’s Oliver T

(A) The Old Curiosity Shop
(B) The Parish Boy’s Progress
(C) The Posthumous Papers
(D) None of these
154. What is Mrs. Warren's profession in G.B. Shaw's Mrs. Warren's profession?
   (A) Housekeeper
   (B) Tailor
   (C) Prostitute
   (D) None of these

155. Who among the following was not a member of the Bloomsbury circle?
   (A) Leonard Woolf
   (B) Clive Bell
   (C) D. H. Lawrence
   (D) None of these

156. Novel "Lady Chatterley's Lover" is written by which author?
   (A) Aldous Huxley
   (B) D. H. Lawrence
   (C) W. Allen
   (D) None of these

157. "HIPPOPOTAMUS" a poem by T.S. Eliot is a satire on—
   (A) Philosophy of Hindus
   (B) The Church
   (C) The Poets of Nature
   (D) All the above

158. Name the 20th century poet who translated the "Bhagwad Geeta" in collaboration with Swami Prabhavanandan?
   (A) Rudyard Kipling
   (B) Rupert Brooke
   (C) W. H. Davies
   (D) Christopher Isherwood

159. The Globe associated with Shakespeare is the name of a—
   (A) Club
   (B) Theatre
   (C) Book shop
   (D) None of these

160. The rhyming scheme of a Shakespearean is—
   (A) ab ba, ab ba, cde, cde
   (B) ab ba, ab ba, cd cd, ee
   (C) ab ab, cd cd, ef ef, gg
   (D) aa bb, bb cc, de de, ff

161. The "Autobiography of an unknown Indian" is written by—
   (A) Salman Rushdie
   (B) S. Radhakrishnan
   (C) Nirad C. Chaudhary
   (D) Mulak Raj Anand
162. The "Prophet" is written by—
(A) Robert Frost
(B) Ved Mehta
(C) Khushwant Singh
(D) Khalil Gibran

163. Which among the following is the last collection of poems by Sarojini Naidu—
(A) The Bird of Time
(B) The Broken Wing
(C) The Temple
(D) None of these

164. Jayant Mahapatra, a well known Indian English Poet, is basically a man of—
(A) Chemistry
(B) Mechanical Engineering
(C) Physics
(D) English

165. Who among the following has not been awarded the nobel prize—
(A) Joseph Brodsky
(B) V. S. Naipaul
(C) Salman Rushdie
(D) William Faulkner

166. Which among the following is not a work of George Bernard Shaw—
(A) You Never Can Tell
(B) The Traveller
(C) Candida
(D) The Devil’s Disciple

167. There were three important Medieval Institutions. Which of the following was not one of them?
(A) Slavery
(B) Feudalism
(C) The Church
(D) None of these

168. Which of the following is not one of the dominant forms of poetry of fifteenth century England?
(A) Allegory
(B) Ballad
(C) Sonnet
(D) None of these

169. Phillip Larkin belongs to a group of writers known as—
(A) The Bloomsbury Group
(B) The Imagist Group
(C) The Movement
(D) New Generation Poets
170. ‘The fault, dear Brutus. is not in our stars
        But in ourselves that we are underlings’
    These lines occur in a play by—
    (A) Shakespeare
    (B) Christopher Fry
    (C) James Barrie
    (D) Congreve

171. The poet who wrote “Little Gidding” is—
    (A) W. H. Auden
    (B) Steppen Spender
    (C) T. S. Eliot
    (D) W. B. Yeats

172. All changed. changed utterly A. terrible beauty is born
    These lines occur in a poem by—
    (A) W. B. Yeats
    (B) Rupert Brooke
    (C) Louis MacNiece
    (D) W. H. Davies

173. A book written by Charles Dodgson, a Victorian mathematician and priest of the Church of England, which became a classic—
    (A) Treasure Island
    (B) Peter Pan
    (C) Gulliver’s Travells
    (D) Alice in Wonderland

174. One of the following was Not a member of the Bloomsbury Group—
    (A) Sidney Webb
    (B) E. M. Forster
    (C) Virginia Woolf
    (D) Aldous Huxley

175. “A rose is a rose is a rose is a rose.” This statement was made by—
    (A) Shakespeare’s Juliet
    (B) Sylvia Plath
    (C) Robert Burns
    (D) Gertrude Stein

176. The figure of speech in the line “when my bosom was young” is—
    (A) Metaphor
    (B) Synecdoche
    (C) Personification
    (D) Hyperbole

177. The essence of drama lies in—
    (A) Spectacle
    (B) Dialogue
    (C) Conflict
    (D) Soliloquy
178. Bleak House is a novel by—
(A) R. L. Stevenson
(B) Thomas Hardy
(C) William Thackeray
(D) Charles Dickens

179. The most distinctive feature of lyric poetry is its—
(A) Brevity
(B) Subjectivity
(C) Imagery
(D) Sensuousness

180. Sidney's concept of the poet is as—
(A) A teacher and moraliser
(B) A teacher who delights
(C) An entertainer
(D) None of the above

181. Millamant is the name of the heroine of—
(A) She Stoops to Conquer
(B) The Rivals
(C) The Way of the World
(D) The Importance of Being Earnest

182. The poet who cut down the manuscript of The Waste Land to about one third of its original size was—
(A) T. E. Hulme
(B) Robert Frost
(C) Ezra Pound
(D) W. B. Yeats

183. "Frailty the name is woman" is spoken by
(A) Macbeth
(B) King Lear
(C) Shylock
(D) Hamlet

184. List - I
(a) Obsolete
(b) Panacea
(c) Fidelity
(d) Maudlin

List - II
(1) Faithfulness
(2) Outdated
(3) A remedy for all evil
(4) Excessively sentimental

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02(ENGLIS
Direction (Q. No. 185-190) : Choose the exact meaning of idiomatic expressions.

185. To have cold feet—
   (A) To be reluctant
   (B) To pour water on something
   (C) To feel very cold
   (D) To pay much attention to

186. Blue blood—
   (A) A funny object
   (B) An aristocrat
   (C) A creature
   (D) None of these

187. To throw dust in one's eyes—
   (A) To point out false things
   (B) To put sand into one's eyes
   (C) To deceive
   (D) None of these

188. To steal a march—
   (A) To command a group
   (B) To overtake the situation
   (C) To outshine
   (D) To start early

189. A fool's paradise—
   (A) To have happy dreams
   (B) To live in illusions
   (C) To live in the past
   (D) None of these

190. Extinct & obsolete—
   (A) Behind time
   (B) Exhausted
   (C) Very old
   (D) As dead as a dodo

191. Who among the following wrote only tragedies—
   (A) Ben Jonson
   (B) R. K. Narayanan
   (C) Christopher Marlowe
   (D) Thomas Nash

192. Which of the following is not a work of Jane Austen—
   (A) Pride & Prejudice
   (B) Old Mortality
   (C) Mansfield Park
   (D) Persuasion
193. Which of the following is a work of George Orwell—
(A) Practical Criticism
(B) In Parenthesis
(C) Animal Farm
(D) Battle Field

194. The first periodical that appeared in Europe was—
(A) The Spectator
(B) Gazette
(C) The Review
(D) None of these

195. Which of the following is GB Shaw’s first play?
(A) Mrs. Warren’s Profession
(B) Murder in Cathedral
(C) Man & Superman
(D) None of these

196. W. B. Yeats belonged to—
(A) Newzealand
(B) Ireland
(C) England
(D) None of these

197. Whose autobiography is entitled “My Father’s Son”—
(A) Nirad Chaudhary
(B) V. S. Naipaul
(C) Dom Moraes
(D) Henry Derozio

198. Which one among the following has been described by a critic as an “Outsider Inside”—
(A) Salman Rushdie
(B) Mulak Raj Anand
(C) Romesh Chandra Dutt
(D) Ruth Jhabvala

199. Which of the following is one of the works of Aristotle—
(A) Ethics
(B) Poetics
(C) Metaphysics
(D) All of the above

200. Which are the two major categories into which Plato divided ‘Art’?
(A) Divine & Human
(B) Real & Imaginary
(C) Acquisitive & Productive
(D) None of those